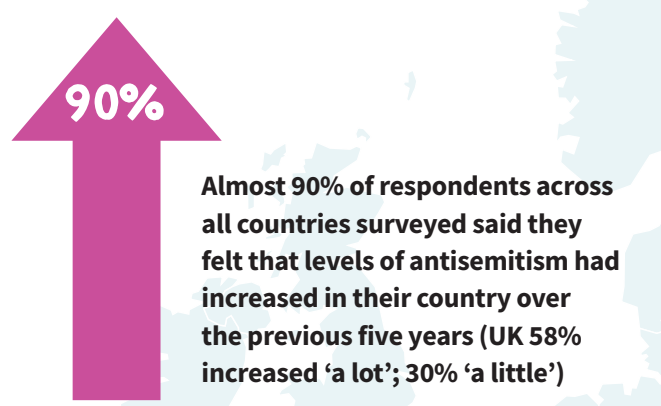


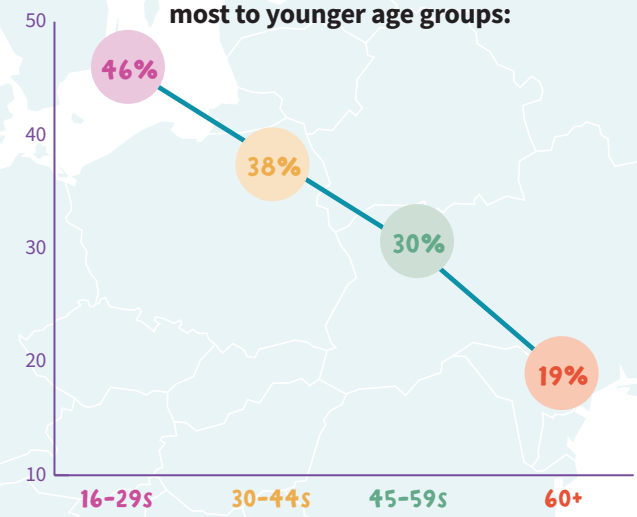
RESOURCE 1.8

Discrimination and antisemitism in Europe

The European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights (FRA 2018) asked Jews in 12 countries including the UK about their experience of discrimination and antisemitism. Number surveyed: UK 4,731, Europe total 16,395



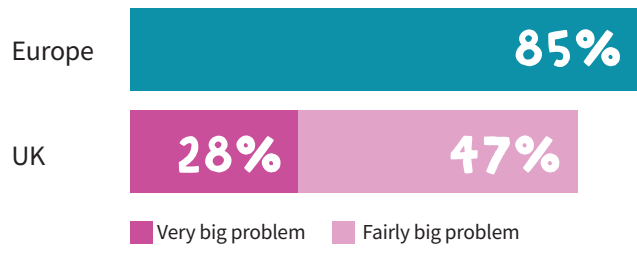
28% of Jews surveyed across the twelve countries said that they had experienced some form of antisemitic harassment in the previous twelve months (UK: 25%). This occurred most to younger age groups:



A large majority of respondents (88%) said they believed that antisemitism online had increased over the previous five years; most said it had increased 'a lot' (UK: 85% = 'a lot' and 'a little' combined)



Almost half of all respondents (47%) said they were worried about becoming a victim of antisemitic harassment themselves (29% verbal; 20% physical)



85% of Jews surveyed across the twelve countries said they considered antisemitism to be either a 'very big' or 'fairly big' problem in their country (UK: 28% 'very big' 47% 'fairly big')



71% of Jews surveyed across the twelve countries said they avoided wearing, carrying or displaying items in public, at least on occasion, that could identify them as Jewish (61% in UK)

Source: Experiences and perceptions of antisemitism: Second survey on discrimination and hate crime against Jews in the EU European Union Agency for Fundamental Rights (FRA, 2018) bit.ly/3EDFsGK